

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
DIGITAL COMPUTER

LIBRARY ROUTINE FA 1 - 122

TITLE Second Order Linear Differential Equation with
Two Point Boundary Conditions (DOI Only)

NUMBER OF WORDS 101

TYPE Closed auxiliary for code A1; Code XA1, the floating
point constant listing auxiliary, must also be used.
The routine is entered as follows:

p	50 gF
	50 pF
p + 1	26 xF

where g is the location of the auxiliary routine and
x is the location of Code FA 1.

TEMPORARY STORAGE See parameters.

DURATION $T = (n + 1)(t + 400) + 400$ approximately where T is
the total time in milliseconds, t is the time in
milliseconds of the auxiliary routine and n is the
number of sub-intervals into which the range of x
is divided.

ACCURACY 9 decimal places or less, depending on the condition
of the given equation.

PARAMETERS Preset parameters are S3, S4, S5, S6, S7.

LOCATION	CONTENT	USE
3	OOF 00 mF	m is the location of the floating point accumulator.
4	OOF 00 lF	l is the location of code A1
5	OOF 00 kF	Locations k + j (j = 0, ..., 2n + 3) are used for temporary storage. The solutions y_i (i = 0, ..., n) will appear in the n + 1 successive locations k + n + 3 to k + 2n + 3.

6 OOF 00 qF Locations $q + j$ ($j = 0, 1, \dots, 10$) contain the difference equation coefficients a_i, b_i, c_i, d_i , the differential equation coefficients, A_i, B_i, C_i, D_i , ($i = 0, 1, \dots, n$), the increment $\Delta(x)$ (8S6), and a temporary storage (9S6). The differential equation coefficients, A_i, B_i, C_i, D_i , calculated by the auxiliary routine, must be stored in locations 4S6, 5S6, 6S6, and 7S6 respectively.

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7 OOF 00 rF Locations $r+j$ ($j = 0, 1, \dots, 7$) must contain the length of the range of x , L , and the boundary equation coefficients E, F, G, H, K, M expressed as floating point numbers, at the start of code FA 1. The quantities L, E, F, G, H, K and M are to be stored in locations 8S7, 1S7, 2S7, 3S7, 4S7, 5S7, and 6S7 respectively.

PROGRAM PARAMETER

8 OOF 00 nF n is the number of sub-intervals into which the range of x is divided.

DESCRIPTION

Over an interval of length L at equally spaced points, x_i ($i = 0, 1, \dots, n$), this routine will give the solution of the differential equation,

$$Ay'' + By' + Cy = D,$$

with the given boundary conditions,

$$Ey' + Fy = G \Big|_{x=x_0}$$

and

$$Hy' + Ky = M \Big|_{x=x_m} = n\Delta x + x_0$$

where A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, K and M are functions of x, the independent variable.

An open subroutine, written using interpretive orders, must be provided starting at location g. It is to evaluate the coefficients A, B, C and D for a given x, $x_0 \leq x \leq n \Delta x + x_0$, of the differential equation. These calculated coefficients A, B, C and D must be stored successively starting at Location 4S6. This auxiliary subroutine must be left with the word

8K 1F

83 (address of the 8th word of Code Fal) F.

NOTE: Δx is available for use in the auxiliary subroutine. Δx is stored in 8S6.

METHOD: This routine first calculates the coefficients of the difference equations,

$$\begin{aligned} a_i y_{i+1} + b_i y_i + c_i y_{i-1} &= d_i & i \neq 0, n \\ a_0 y_1 + b_0 y_0 &= d_0 \\ b_n y_n + c_n y_{n-1} &= d_n \end{aligned}$$

from the coefficients of the differential equations. The following equations are used to calculate a_i , b_i , c_i and d_i ($0 \leq i \leq n$):

$$a_i = A_i + B_i \Delta x/2$$

$$b_i = C_i \cdot \Delta x^2 - 2 A_i \quad \text{for } i \neq 0, n$$

$$c_i = A_i - B_i \Delta x/2 \quad \Delta x = L/n$$

$$d_i = D_i \Delta x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= A_0 E_0 \\
 b_0 &= (E_0 C_0 - F_0 B_0) \cdot \Delta x^2 / 2 + A_0 F_0 \cdot \Delta x - A_0 E_0 \\
 c_0 &= 0 \\
 d_0 &= A_0 G_0 \Delta x + (E_0 D_0 - B_0 G_0) \Delta x^2 / 2 \\
 a_n &= 0 \\
 b_n &= (K_{nn} B_{nn} - C_{nn} H_{nn}) \Delta x^2 / 2 + A_{nn} H_{nn} + A_{nn} K_{nn} \Delta x \\
 c_n &= -A_{nn} H_{nn} \\
 d_n &= A_{nn} M_{nn} \cdot \Delta x + (B_{nn} M_{nn} - H_{nn} D_{nn}) \Delta x^2 / 2
 \end{aligned}$$

At each step, these coefficients are stored in the four locations starting with location q. Then this routine evaluates the following formulae:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \beta_i &= b_i - c_i \cdot \sqrt{}_{i-1} \\
 \tau_i &= d_i - c_i \tau_{i-1} / \beta_i \\
 \nu_i &= a_i / \beta_i
 \end{aligned}$$

when $i = 0, \dots, n$ and $\nu_{-1} = 0 = \tau_{-1} \cdot \beta_0$ is calculated first and stored in location $k + 1$. Then τ_0 is calculated and stored in location $k + n + 3$. Finally ν_0 is calculated and stored over β_0 in location $k + 1$. During the next time thru the loop β_1, τ_1 and ν_1 are calculated and stored in locations $k + 2, k + n + 4$ and $k + 2$ respectively. This process is continued until β_n, τ_n and ν_n have been calculated and stored. At this stage, the τ_i are stored in locations $k + 1$ thru $k + n + 1$ and the ν_i are stored in locations $k + n + 3$ thru $k + 2n + 3$. When this has been done, the routine calculates the solution using the formula

$$y_i = \tau_i - \nu_i \tau_{i+1} \quad i = n, \dots, 0.$$

where $y_{n+1} = 0$. These solutions, y_i are stored over the τ_i in locations $k + n + 3$ thru $k + 2n + 3$.

NOTE: Incorporated within the routine is a test to determine if $\beta_i = 0$. When $\beta_i = 0$, $1/4 \times 10^{-36}$ is stored in place of this $\beta_i = 0$.

The method was adapted by S. Gill from a process used by L. Fox (L. Fox and H. H. Robertson; Automatic Digital Computation Symposium, National Physical Laboratory, England, March 1953. Paper 19, pp. 5, 6).

RT: 9/27/55
DATE <u>February 16, 1954</u>
PROGRAMMED BY <u>R. Polivka</u>
APPROVED BY <u>J. Nash</u>

RP: mge
9/27/55

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 1	FA 1
0	K5 29F			
	42 97L			
1	10 20F		Set up link and address of	
	42 7L		auxiliary subroutine	
2	36 83L			
	26 83L			
3	41 S5			
	50 3L			
4	26 S4			
	8K S8			
5	8S 8S6			
	85 S7		Calculate Δx	
6	86 8S6			
	8S 8S6			
7	8K 1F	From 33,	to auxiliary subroutine	
	83 (g)F	By 1 ³⁴		
8	(85 4S6)	By 74, 78	replaced by 8K 1F	
	(87 1S7)		83 (54)L	
9	8S S6		Store a_0	
	81 5S6			
10	87 2S7			
	8S 9S6			
11	85 6S6			
	87 1S7			
12	84 9S6			
	87 8S6			
13	87 8S6		Calculate the initial difference	
	87 n+5+00			
14	80 S6		equation coefficients, a_0, b_0, c_0	
	8S 9S6		and d_0	
15	85 4S6			
	87 8S6			
16	87 2S7			
	84 9S6			

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES PAGE 2
17	8S 1S6 8K OF		store b_0
18	8S 2S6 81 5S6		store c_0
19	87 3S7 8S 9S6		
20	85 1S7 87 7S6		
21	84 9S6 87 8S6		
22	87 8S6 87 N+5+00		
23	8S 9S6 85 4S6		
24	87 8S6 87 3S7		
25	84 9S6 8S 3S6		store d_0
26	8J 74L OK S8		
27	81 2S6 07 S5	From 64,53	
28	84 1S6 8J 69L		
29	0S 1S5 81 2S6		store β_i Calculate $\beta_i, \tau_i,$ and v_i .
30	07 (k+n+2)F 84 3S6		
31	06 1S5 0S (k+n+3)F		store τ_i
32	85 S6 06 1S5		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES PAGE 3
33	0S 1S5		store v_i
	03 7L		
34	8J 77L		
	83 (7)L	by 82	
35	(8K OF) (8S S6)		replaced by 8K 1F 82 64L
36	81 4S6		
	87 4S7		
37	8S 2S6		
	81 6S6		
38	87 4S7		
	8S 9S6		
39	85 5S6		
	87 5S7		
40	84 9S6		
	87 8S6		
41	87 8S6		
	87 N+5+00		
42	80 2S6		
	8S 9S6		
43	85 4S6		
	87 8S6		
44	87 5S7		
	84 9S6		
45	8S 1S6		Calculate to the difference
	81 4S7		equation coefficients a_n, b_n
46	87 7S6		c_n and d_n .
	8S 9S6		
47	85 5S6		
	87 6S7		
48	84 9S6		
	87 8S6		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES	PAGE 4
49	87 8S6			
	87 N+5+00			
50	8S 9S6			
	85 4S6			
51	87 8S6			
	87 6S7			
52	84 9S6			
	8S 3S6			
53	8K 1F			
	83 27L			
54	85 5S6	from 8		
	87 8S6			
55	87 N+5+00			
	8S 9S6			
56	84 4S6			
	8S S6		store a_i	
57	81 9S6			
	84 4S6			
58	8S 2S6		store	
	85 6S6		calculate the difference	
59	87 8S6		equation coefficients $a_i, b_i,$	
	87 8S6		c_i and $d_i \quad i \neq 0, n.$	
60	80 4S6			
	80 4S6			
61	8S 1S6		store b_i	
	85 7S6			
62	87 8S6			
	87 8S6			
63	8S 3S6		store d_i	
	8K 1F			
64	83 27L			
	1K S8	From 35		
65	11 $(k+2n+3)F$			
	17 $(k+n)F$			

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES	PAGE 5	FA 1
66	14 (k+2n+2)F 1S (k+2n+2)F		Calculate the solutions, y_i		
67	1L 1022F 13 65L				
68	8J 94L 32 94L				
69	L3 S3 32 70L	from 28			
70	26 29S4 19 1F				
71	40 S3 L5 73L		Test for $P_i = 0$		
72	40 1S3 26 29S4				
73	00 F 00 28F				
74	L5 76L 40 8L	From 26	Replace word 8		
75	26 29S4 00 7L		by 8K 1F 83 54L		
76	8K 1F 83 54L				
77	49 S3 L5 93L	From 34			
78	42 8L L1 98L		Switch, 1st time go to part of		
79	40 98L 36 29S4		code to calculate a_n, b_n, c_n, d_n .		
80	L5 100L 40 35L		2nd time,		
81	L5 93L 42 34L		Go to part of code to calculate		
			the y_i		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES	PAGE 6	FA 1
82	26 29S4 00 F		waste		
83	L5 5F L4 8F	From 2			
84	42 65L F5 65L				
85	L4 70L 42 92L				
86	00 20F 46 30L		Set addresses in routine dependent		
87	F5 65L F4 70L		on the program parameters.		
88	42 31L L5 92L				
89	L4 8F 42 66L				
90	00 20F 46 66L				
91	F5 66L 00 20F				
92	46 65L 41 (k+n+2)F	By 85			
93	26 3L 00 35L				
94	L5 98L 40 8L				
95	L5 99L 40 35L		Reset words		
96	L5 75L 42 34L		8, 34, and 35		
97	32 97L 22 ()F	By 0	link		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES
98	85 4S6		
	87 1S7		
99	8K OF		
	8S S6		
100	8K 1F		
	82 64L		

RT:
 SEPT. 28, 1955
 MGE